Digital temperature transmitter
With HART® protocol, head and rail-mounted version
Models T32.1S, T32.3S

WIKA data sheet TE 32.04

For further approvals
see page 8

Applications

■ Process industry
■ Machine building and plant construction

Special features

■ TÜV certified SIL version for protection systems developed per IEC 61508 (option)
■ Operation in safety applications to SIL 2 (single instrument) and SIL 3 (redundant configuration)
■ Configurable with almost all soft- and hardware tools
■ Universal for the connection of 1 or 2 sensors
  - Resistance thermometer, resistance sensor
  - Thermocouple, mV sensor
  - Potentiometer
■ Signalling per NAMUR NE43, sensor break monitoring per NE89, EMC per NE21
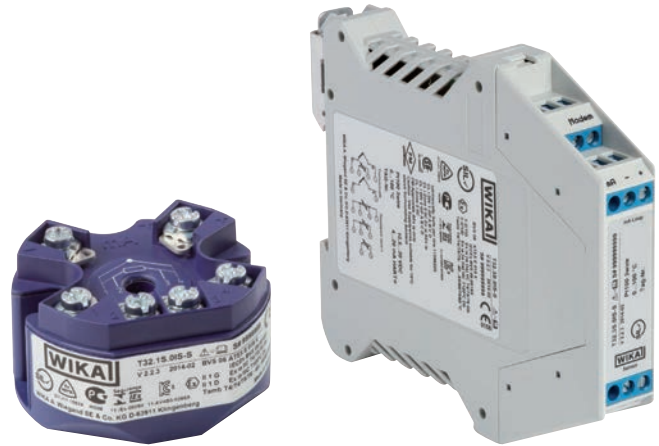

Fig. left: head-mounted version, model T32.1S
Fig. right: rail-mounted version, model T32.3S

Description

These temperature transmitters are designed for universal use in the process industry. They offer high accuracy, galvanic isolation and excellent protection against electromagnetic influences (EMI). Via HART® protocol, the T32 temperature transmitters are configurable (interoperable) with a variety of open configuration tools. In addition to the different sensor types, e.g. sensors in accordance with DIN EN 60751, JIS C1606, DIN 43760, IEC 60584 or DIN 43710, customer-specific sensor characteristics can also be defined, through the input of value pairs (user-defined linearisation).

Through the configuration of a sensor with redundancy (dual sensor), on a sensor failure it will automatically change over to the working sensor. Furthermore, there is the possibility to activate sensor drift detection. With this, an error signalling occurs when the magnitude of the temperature difference between sensor 1 and sensor 2 exceeds a user-selectable value.

The T32 transmitter also has additional sophisticated supervisory functionality such as monitoring of the sensor lead resistance and sensor break monitoring in accordance with NAMUR NE89 as well as monitoring of the measuring range. Moreover, these transmitters have comprehensive cyclic self-monitoring functionality.

The dimensions of the head-mounted transmitter match the form B DIN connection heads with extended mounting space, e.g. WIKA model BSS.

The transmitters in rail mounting cases are suitable for all standard rails in accordance with IEC 60715. The transmitters are delivered with a basic configuration or configured according to customer specifications.

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Specifications

Measuring element				
	Sensor type	**Max. configurable measuring range**	**Standard**	**Min. measuring span (MS) [1]**
Resistance sensor	Pt100	-200 ... +850 °C [-328 ... +1,562 °F]	IEC 60751	10 K
	Pt (x) [2] 10 ... 1000	-200 ... +850 °C [-328 ... +1.562 °F]	IEC 60751	
	JPt100	-200 ... +500 °C [-328 ... +932 °F]	JIS C1606:1989	
	Ni100	-60 ... +250 °C [-76 ... +482 °F]	DIN 43760:1987	
	Resistance sensor [3]	0 ... 8,370 Ω	n.a.	4 Ω
Potentiometer [4]	Potentiometer [3]	0 ... 100 %	n.a.	10 %
Thermocouple type	J	-210 ... +1,200 °C [-346 ... +2,192 °F]	IEC 60584-1	50 K
	K	-270 ... +1,300 °C [-454 ... +2,372 °F]	IEC 60584-1	
	L (DIN)	-200 ... +900 °C [-328 ... +1,652 °F]	DIN 43710:1985	
	E	-270 ... +1,000 °C [-454 ... +1,832 °F]	IEC 60584-1	
	N	-270 ... +1,300 °C [-454 ... + 2,372 °F]	IEC 60584-1	
	T	-270 ... +400 °C [-454 ... +752 °F]	IEC 60584-1	
	U	-200 ... +600 °C [-328 ... +1,112 °F]	DIN 43710:1985	
	R	-50 ... +1,768 °C [-58 ... +3,214 °F]	IEC 60584-1	150 K
	S	-50 ... +1,768 °C [-58 ... +3,214 °F]	IEC 60584-1	
	B	0 ... 1,820 °C [32 ... 3,308 °F]	IEC 60584-1	200 K
Voltage sensor	mV sensor [3]	-500 ... +1,800 mV	-	4 mV

1) The transmitter can be configured below these limit values, but this is not recommended due to loss of accuracy.
2) x configurable between 10 … 1,000
3) This operating mode is not allowed for the SIL option.
4) R_{total}: 10 ... 100 kΩ

Further information on: Measuring element	
Measuring current during measurement	Max. 0.3 mA (Pt100)
Connection methods	
Resistance thermometer (RTD)	1 sensor in 2-/4-/3-wire connection or 2 sensors in 2-wire connection
	→ for further information, see "Designation of connection terminals"
Thermocouples (TC)	1 sensor or 2 sensors
	→ for further information, see "Designation of connection terminals"
Max. lead resistance	
Resistance thermometer (RTD)	50 Ω each wire, 3-/4-wire
Thermocouples (TC)	5 kΩ each wire
Cold junction compensation, configurable	Internal compensation or external with Pt100, with thermostat or switched off

Accuracy specifications

Input + output in accordance with DIN EN 60770

Input sensor type	Mean temperature coefficient (TC) for each 10 K change in ambient temperature in the range -40 ... +85 °C [1]	Measuring deviation at reference conditions in accordance with DIN EN 60770, NE 145, valid at 23 °C ±3 K	Lead resistance effects	Long-term stability after 1 year
Pt100 [2] / JPt100 / Ni100	±(0.06 K + 0.015 % MV)	-200 °C ≤ MV ≤ 200 °C: ±0.10 K MV > 200 °C: ±(0.1 K + 0.01 % |MV - 200 K|) [3]	4-wire: no effect (0 ... 50 Ω per wire)	±60 mΩ or 0.05 % of MV, greater value applies
Resistance sensor [5]	±(0.01 Ω + 0.01 % MV)	≤ 890 Ω: 0.053 Ω [6] or 0.015 % MV [7] ≤ 2,140 Ω: 0.128 Ω [6] or 0.015 % MV [7] ≤ 4,390 Ω: 0.263 Ω [6] or 0.015 % MV [7] ≤ 8,380 Ω: 0.503 Ω [6] or 0.015 % MV [7]	3-wire: ±0.02 Ω / 10 Ω (0 ... 50 Ω per wire) 2-wire: Resistance of the connection leads [4]	
Potentiometer [5]	±(0.1 % MV)	R_{part}/R_{total} is max. ±0.5 %	-	±20 µV or 0.05 % of MV, greater value applies
Thermocouples				
Type J (Fe-CuNi)	MV > -150 °C: ±(0.07 K + 0.02 % |MV|)	-150 °C < MV < 0 °C: ±(0.3 K + 0.2 % |MV|) MV > 0 °C: ±(0.3 K + 0.03 % MV)	6 µV / 1,000 Ω [8]	±20 µV or 0.05 % of MV, greater value applies
Type K (NiCr-Ni)	-150 °C < MV < 1,300 °C: ±(0.1 K + 0.02 % |MV|)	-150 °C < MV < 0 °C: ±(0.4 K + 0.2 % |MV|) 0 °C < MV < 1,300 °C: ±(0.4 K + 0.04 % MV)	6 µV / 1,000 Ω [8]	±20 µV or 0.05 % of MV, greater value applies
Type L (Fe-CuNi)	-150 °C < MV < 0 °C: ±(0.07 K + 0.02 % |MV|) MV > 0 °C: ±(0.07 K + 0.015 % MV)	-150 °C < MV < 0 °C: ±(0.3 K + 0.1 % |MV|) MV > 0 °C: ±(0.3 K + 0.03 % MV)	6 µV / 1,000 Ω [8]	±20 µV or 0.05 % of MV, greater value applies
Type E (NiCr-Cu)	MV > -150 °C: ±(0.1 K + 0.015 % |MV|)	-150 °C < MV < 0 °C: ±(0.3 K + 0.2 % |MV|) MV > 0 °C: ±(0.3 K + 0.03 % MV)	6 µV / 1,000 Ω [8]	±20 µV or 0.05 % of MV, greater value applies
Type N (NiCrSi-NiSi)	-150 °C < MV < 0 °C: ±(0.1 K + 0.05 % |MV|) MV > 0 °C: ±(0.1 K + 0.02 % MV)	-150 °C < MV < 0 °C: ±(0.5 K + 0.2 % |MV|) MV > 0 °C: ±(0.5 K + 0.03 % MV)	6 µV / 1,000 Ω [8]	±20 µV or 0.05 % of MV, greater value applies
Type T (Cu-CuNi)	-150 °C < MV < 0 °C: ±(0.07 K + 0.04 % MV) MV > 0 °C: ±(0.07 K + 0.01 % MV)	-150 °C < MV < 0 °C: ±(0.4 K + 0.2 % |MV|) MV > 0 °C: ±(0.4 K + 0.01 % MV)	6 µV / 1,000 Ω [8]	±20 µV or 0.05 % of MV, greater value applies
Type U (Cu-CuNi)	-150 °C < MV < 0 °C: ±(0.07 K + 0.04 % MV) MV > 0 °C: ±(0.07 K + 0.01 % MV)	-150 °C < MV < 0 °C: ±(0.4 K + 0.2 % |MV|) MV > 0 °C: ±(0.4 K + 0.01 % MV)	6 µV / 1,000 Ω [8]	±20 µV or 0.05 % of MV, greater value applies
Type R (PtRh-Pt)	50 °C < MV < 1,600 °C: ±(0.3 K + 0.01 % |MV - 400 K|)	50 °C < MV < 400 °C: ±(1.45 K + 0.12 % |MV - 400 K|) 400 °C < MV < 1,600 °C: ±(1.45 K + 0.01 % |MV - 400 K|)	6 µV / 1,000 Ω [8]	±20 µV or 0.05 % of MV, greater value applies
Type S (PtRh-Pt)	50 °C < MV < 1,600 °C: ±(0.3 K + 0.015 % |MV - 400 K|)	50 °C < MV < 400 °C: ±(1.45 K + 0.12 % |MV - 400 K|) 400 °C < MV < 1,600 °C: ±(1.45 K + 0.01 % |MV - 400 K|)	6 µV / 1,000 Ω [8]	±20 µV or 0.05 % of MV, greater value applies

Accuracy specifications

Input + output in accordance with DIN EN 60770

Input sensor type	Mean temperature coefficient (TC) for each 10 K change in ambient temperature in the range -40 ... +85 °C [1]	Measuring deviation at reference conditions in accordance with DIN EN 60770, NE 145, valid at 23 °C ±3 K	Lead resistance effects	Long-term stability after 1 year
Type B (PtRh-Pt)	450 °C < MV < 1,000 °C: ±(0.4 K + 0.02 % |MV - 1,000 K|) MV > 1,000 °C: ±(0.4 K + 0.005 % (MV - 1,000 K))	450 °C < MV < 1,000 °C: ±(1.7 K + 0.2 % |MV - 1,000 K|) MV > 1,000 °C: ±1.7 K	6 µV / 1,000 Ω [8]	±20 µV or 0.05 % of MV, greater value applies
mV sensor [5]	2 µV + 0.02 % |MV| 100 µV + 0.08 % |MV|	≤ 1,160 mV: 10 µV + 0.03 % |MV| > 1,160 mV: 15 µV + 0.07 % |MV|	6 µV / 1,000 Ω [8]	±20 µV or 0.05 % of MV, greater value applies
Cold junction (only with TC)	±0.1 K	±0.8 K	-	±0.2 K
Output	±0.03 % of measuring span	±0.03 % of measuring span	-	±0.05 % of span

Further information on: Accuracy specifications

Measuring rate (only for single RTD/TC sensors)	Typical, measured value update approx. 6/s
Influence of supply voltage	Not measurable
Effect of load	Not measurable

MV = measured value (temperature measured values in °C)
Measuring span = configured end of measuring range - configured start of measuring range

1) T32.1S: with the extended ambient temperature (-50 … -40 °C) the value is doubled
2) For sensor Ptx (x = 10 ... 1,000) applies: for x ≥ 100: permissible error, as for Pt100
   for x < 100: permissible error, as for Pt100 with a factor (100/x)
3) Additional error for resistance thermometers in a 3-wire configuration with zero-balanced cable: 0.05 K
4) The specified resistance value of the sensor wire can be subtracted from the calculated sensor resistance.
   Dual sensor: Configurable for each sensor separately
5) This operating mode is not allowed for SIL option (T32.xS.xxx-S).
6) Double value at 3-wire
7) Greater value applies
8) Within a range of 0 ... 10 kΩ lead resistance

Example calculation

Pt100 / 4-wire / Measuring range 0 ... 150 °C / Ambient temperature 33 °C

Input Pt100, MV < 200 °C	±0.100 K
Output ±(0.03 % of 150 K)	±0.045 K
TC_{input} ±(0.06 K + 0.015 % of 150 K)	±0.083 K
TC_{output} ±(0.03 % of 150 K)	±0.045 K
Measuring deviation (typical) $\sqrt{input^2 + output^2 + TC_{input}^2 + TC_{output}^2}$	**±0.145 K**
Measuring deviation (maximum) (input + output + TC_{input} + TC_{output})	**±0.273 K**

Thermocouple type K / measuring range 0 ... 400 °C / internal compensation (cold junction) / ambient temperature 23 °C

Input type K, 0 °C < MV < 1,300 °C ±(0.4 K + 0.04 % of 400 K)	±0.56 K
Cold junction ±0.8 K	±0.80 K
Output ±(0.03 % of 400 K)	±0.12 K
Measuring deviation (typical) $\sqrt{input^2 + cold\ junction^2 + output^2}$	**±0.98 K**
Measuring deviation (maximum) (input + cold junction + output)	**±1.48 K**

Pt1000 / 3-wire / Measuring range -50 ... +50 °C / Ambient temperature 45 °C

Input Pt1000, MV < 200 °C	**±0.100 K**
Output ±(0.03 % of 100 K)	**±0.03 K**
TC_{input} ±(0.06 K + 0.015 % of 100 K) * 2	**±0.15 K**
TC_{output} ±(0.03 % of 100 K) * 2	**±0.06 K**
Measuring deviation (typical) $\sqrt{input^2 + output^2 + TC_{input}^2 + TC_{output}^2}$	±0.19 K
Measuring deviation (maximum) (input + output + TC_{input} + TC_{output})	±0.34 K

Output signal

Analogue output (configurable)	■ 4 ... 20 mA, 2-wire	
	■ 20 ... 4 mA, 2-wire	
Temperature linearity	For RTD	Linear to temperature per IEC 60751, JIS C1606, DIN 43760
	For TC	Linear to temperature per IEC 60584, DIN 43710
Load R_A	The permissible load depends on the loop supply voltage.	
With HART®	$R_A \leq (U_B - 11.5\text{ V}) / 0.023\text{ A}$ with R_A in Ω and U_B in V	
Without HART®	$R_A \leq (U_B - 10.5\text{ V}) / 0.023\text{ A}$ with R_A in Ω and U_B in V	
Load diagram (without HART®)		

Output limits (configurable)		
In accordance with NAMUR NE43	Lower limit	3.8 mA
	Upper limit	20.5 mA
Customer-specifically adjustable	Lower limit	3.6 ... 4.0 mA
	Upper limit	20.0 ... 21.5 mA
Option SIL (model T32.xS.xxx-S)	Lower limit	3.8 ... 4.0 mA
	Upper limit	20.0 ... 20.5 mA
Simulation	In simulation mode, independent from input signal, simulation value configurable from 3.5 ... 23.0 mA	
Current value for signalling		
In accordance with NAMUR NE43	Downscale	< 3.6 mA (3.5 mA)
	Upscale	> 21.0 mA (21.5 mA)
Setting range	Downscale	3.5 ... 3.6 mA
	Upscale	21.0 ... 22.5 mA
PV, primary value (digital HART® measured value)	Signalling on sensor and hardware error through default value	
Dampening (configurable)	Configurable between 1 ... 60 s (0 = disabled)	
Factory configuration		
Sensor	1 sensor	
Connection method	3-wire connection	
Measuring range	0 ... 150 °C	
Dampening	Disabled	
Output limits	Lower limit	3.8 mA
	Upper limit	20.5 mA
Current value for signalling	Downscale	< 3.6 mA (3.5 mA)
Communication		
Communication protocol	HART® protocol rev. 5 [1] including burst mode, multidrop	
	→ for further information, see page 14	

Output signal	
Configuration software	WIKA_T32
	→ free download from www.wika.com
Configuration	→ For connection example, see page 15
User linearisation	Store customer-specific sensor characteristics in the transmitter using software (other sensor types can be used in this way) Number of data points: min. 2 / max. 30

Sensor functionality when 2 sensors have been connected (dual sensor)	Transmitter can be configured below these limit values. This is not recommended due to loss of accuracy.	
	Sensor 1, sensor 2 redundant	The 4 … 20 mA output signal delivers the process value of sensor 1. If sensor 1 fails, the process value of sensor 2 is output (sensor 2 is redundant).
	Mean value	The 4 ... 20 mA output signal delivers the mean value of the two values from sensor 1 and sensor 2. If one sensor fails, the process value of the error-free sensor is output.
	Minimum value	The 4 ... 20 mA output signal delivers the lower of the two values from sensor 1 and sensor 2. If one sensor fails, the process value of the error-free sensor is output.
	Maximum value	The 4 ... 20 mA output signal delivers the higher of the two values from sensor 1 and sensor 2. If one sensor fails, the process value of the error-free sensor is output.
	Difference [2]	The 4 ... 20 mA output signal delivers the difference between sensor 1 and sensor 2. If one sensor fails, an error signalling will be activated.

Monitoring functions		
Test current for sensor monitoring [3]	Nom. 20 µA during test cycle, otherwise 0 µA	
Monitoring NAMUR NE89 (monitoring of input lead resistance)	Resistance thermometer (Pt100, 4-wire)	$R_{L1} + R_{L4} > 100\ \Omega$ with hysteresis 5 Ω
		$R_{L2} + R_{L3} > 100\ \Omega$ with hysteresis 5 Ω
	Thermocouple	$R_{L1} + R_{L4} + R_{thermocouple} > 10\ k\Omega$ with hysteresis 100 Ω
	3-wire	Monitoring of the resistance difference between lead 3 and 4; an error will be indicated if there is a difference of > 0.5 Ω between leads 3 and 4
Sensor break monitoring	Always active	
Sensor short circuit monitoring	Active (only for resistance thermometers)	
Self-monitoring	Active permanently, e.g. RAM/ROM test, logical program operating checks and validity check	
Measuring range monitoring	Monitoring of the set measuring range for upper/lower deviations Standard: deactivated	
Monitoring functionality by connection of 2 sensors (dual sensor)	Redundancy	In the case of a sensor error (sensor break, lead resistance too high or outside the measuring range of the sensor) of one of the two sensors, the process value will be only based on the error-free sensor. Once the error is rectified, the process value will again be based on the two sensors, or on sensor 1.
	Ageing control (sensor drift monitoring)	An error signalling on the output is activated if the value of the temperature difference between sensor 1 and sensor 2 is higher than a set value, which can be selected by the user. This monitoring only generates a signal if two valid sensor values can be determined and the temperature difference is higher than the selected limit value. (Cannot be selected for the "Difference" sensor function, since the output signal already indicates the difference value).

Voltage supply	
Supply voltage U_B	DC 10.5 ... 42 V [4] Attention: Restricted auxiliary power ranges for explosion-protected versions (see "Safety-related characteristic values")

Output signal

Time response

Rise time t_{90}	Approx. 0.8 s
Switch-on time (time to get the first measured value)	Max. 15 s
Warm-up time	After approx. 5 minutes the instrument will function to the specifications (accuracy) given in the data sheet

1) Optional: Rev. 7
2) This operating mode is not allowed for SIL option (T32.xS.xxx-S).
3) Only for thermocouple
4) Supply voltage input protected against reverse polarity; Load $R_A \leq (U_B - 10.5\ V) / 0.023\ A$ with R_A in Ω and U_B in V (without HART®)
   On switching on, an increase in the supply voltage of 2 V/s is needed; otherwise the temperature transmitter will remain in a safe condition at 3.5 mA.

Electrical connections

Wire cross-section

T32.1S head-mounted version	Solid wire	0.14 ... 2.5 mm² (24 ... 14 AWG)
	Strand with end splice	0.14 ... 1.5 mm² (24 ... 16 AWG)
T32.3S rail-mounted version	Solid wire	0.14 ... 2.5 mm² (24 ... 14 AWG)
	Strand with end splice	0.14 ... 2.5 mm² (24 ... 14 AWG)
Lead resistance		
With resistance sensors	50 Ω each wire, 3-/4-wire	
With thermocouples	5 kΩ each wire	
Insulation voltage (input to analogue output)	AC 1,200 V, (50 Hz/60 Hz); 1 s	

Designation of connection terminals

Identical dual sensors are supported for all sensor types, i. e. dual sensor combinations as for example Pt100/Pt100 or thermocouple type K/type K are possible.
A further rule is that both sensor values have the same unit and the same sensor range.

Analogue output

4 ... 20 mA loop

Input resistance sensor/thermocouple

Thermocouple — Cold junction with external Pt100

Resistance thermometer/resistance sensor in 4-wire 3-wire 2-wire

Potentiometer

Dual thermocouple Dual mV sensor — Sensor 1, Sensor 2

Dual resistance thermometer/dual resistance sensor in 2+2-wire — Sensor 1, Sensor 2

For the HART® modem, connection terminals are available for the head-mounted case and additional terminals are available for the rail-mounted case.

Materials

Non-wetted parts	
T32.1S head-mounted version	Plastic, PBT, glass-fibre reinforced
T32.3S rail-mounted version	Plastic

Operating conditions

Ambient temperature	-60 [1] / -50 [2] / -40 ... +85 °C
Storage temperature	-60 [1] / -50 [2] / -40 ... +85 °C
Relative humidity, condensation	
T32.1S head-mounted version (in accordance with IEC 60068-2-38: 1974)	Test max. temperature variation 65 °C and -10 °C, 93 % ±3 % r. h.
T32.3S rail-mounted version (in accordance with IEC 60068-2-30: 2005)	Test max. temperature 55 °C, 95 % r. h.
Climate class per IEC 654-1: 1993	Cx (-40 ... +85 °C, 5 ... 95 % r. h.)
Salt fog per IEC 60068-2-52	Severity level 1
Vibration resistance per IEC 60068-2-6:2007	Test Fc: 10 ... 2,000 Hz; 10 g, amplitude 0.75 mm
Shock resistance per IEC 68-2-27: 1987	Test Ea: Acceleration type I 30 g and type II 100 g
Free-fall test following IEC 60721-3-2: 1997	Drop height 1,500 mm
Ingress protection of the entire instrument (in accordance with IEC/EN 60529)	
T32.1S head-mounted version	IP00 (electronics completely potted)
T32.3S rail-mounted version	IP20
Service life	Max. service life of 20 years (in line with ISO 13849-1)

1) Special version on request (only available with specific approvals), not for rail-mounted version T32.3S, not for SIL version
2) Special version, not for rail-mounted version T32.3S

Approvals

Approvals included in the scope of delivery

Logo	Description	Country
CE	**EU declaration of conformity**	European Union
	EMC directive [1] EN 61326 emission (group 1, class B) and immunity (industrial application)	
	RoHS directive	

1) During interference take into account an increased measuring deviation of up to 1 %.

Optional approvals

Logo	Description	Country
(Ex)	**EU declaration of conformity** ATEX directive Hazardous areas	European Union
IEC IECEx	**IECEx** Hazardous areas	International
FM APPROVED	**FM** Hazardous areas	USA
CSA	**CSA** Hazardous areas	Canada
EACEx	**EAC**	Eurasian Economic Community
	EMC directive	
	Hazardous areas	
-	**MTSCHS** Permission for commissioning	Kazakhstan

Logo	Description	Country
	UkrSEPRO Metrology, measurement technology	Ukraine
	Uzstandard Metrology, measurement technology	Uzbekistan
	INMETRO Hazardous areas	Brazil
	NEPSI Hazardous areas	China
	KCs - KOSHA Hazardous areas	South Korea

Manufacturer's information and certificates

Logo	Description
	SIL 2 (option) Functional safety
-	**China RoHS directive**
	NAMUR ■ EMC per NAMUR NE21 ■ Signalling per NAMUR NE43 ■ Sensor break monitoring per NAMUR NE89

Certificates (option)

Certificates	
Certificates	■ 2.2 test report ■ 3.1 inspection certificate
Calibration	DAkkS calibration certificate

Approvals and certificates, see website

Safety-relevant characteristic values (explosion-protected version)

T32.1S.0IS, T32.3S.0IS

ATEX approval, IEC

Safety-related characteristic values (Ex)			
Ex marking	BVS 08 ATEX E 019 X BVS 08.0018X (IECEx certificate)		
T32.1S head-mounted version	Zones 0, 1	II 1G Ex ia IIC T4/T5/T6 Ga	
	Zones 20, 21	II 1D Ex ia IIIC T135 °C Da	
T32.3S rail-mounted version	Zones 0, 1	II 2(1)G Ex ia [ia Ga] IIC T4/T5/T6 Gb	
	Zones 20, 21	II 2(1)D Ex ia [ia Da] IIIC T135 °C Db	
Connection values / Intrinsically safe supply and signal circuit (4 ... 20 mA current loop)			
Terminals	+ / -		
Supply voltage U_B [1]	DC 10.5 ... 30 V		
Maximum voltage U_i	DC 30 V		
Maximum current I_i	130 mA		
Maximum power P_i (gas)	800 mW		
Maximum power P_i (dust)	750/650/550 mW		
Effective internal capacitance C_i	7.8 nF		
Effective internal inductance L_i	Negligible		
Sensor circuit connection values			
Terminals	1 - 4		
Maximum voltage U_0	DC 6.5 V		
Maximum current I_0	9.3 mA		
Maximum power P_0	15.2 mW		
Effective internal capacitance C_i	208 nF		
Effective internal inductance L_i	Negligible		
Maximum external capacitance C_0	Gas, category 1 and 2, group IIC	24 μF [2]	
	Gas, category 1 and 2, group IIA	1,000 μF [2]	
	Category 1 and 2, gas IIB, dust IIIC	570 μF [2]	
Maximum external inductance L_0	Gas, category 1 and 2, group IIC	365 mH	
	Gas, category 1 and 2, group IIA	3,288 mH	
	Category 1 and 2, gas IIB, dust IIIC	1,644 mH	
Maximum inductance/resistance ratio L_0/R_0	Gas, category 1 and 2, group IIC	1.44 mH/Ω	
	Gas, category 1 and 2, group IIA	11.5 μH/Ω	
	Category 1 and 2, gas IIB, dust IIIC	5.75 mH/Ω	
Characteristic curve	Linear		

Application	Ambient temperature range	Temperature class	Power P_i
Group II **Gas, category 1 and 2**	-50 [3] / -40 ... +85 °C	T4	800 mW
	-50 [3] / -40 ... +75 °C	T5	800 mW
	-50 [3] / -40 ... +60 °C	T6	800 mW
Group IIIC **Dust, category 1 + 2**	-50 [3] / -40 ... +40 °C	N / A	750 mW
	-50 [3] / -40 ... +70 °C	N / A	650 mW
	-50 [3] / -40 ... +85 °C	N / A	550 mW

1) Supply voltage input protected against reverse polarity; Load $R_A \leq (U_B - 10.5\ V) / 0.023\ A$ with R_A in Ω and U_B in V (without HART®)
   On switching on, an increase in the supply voltage of 2 V/s is needed; otherwise the temperature transmitter will remain in a safe condition at 3.5 mA.
2) C_i already considered
3) Special version, not for rail-mounted version T32.3S

CSA and FM approval

Safety-related characteristic values (Ex)	CSA	FM
Ex marking	70038032	3034620 / FM17US0333X
Intrinsically safe installation (in accordance with drawing 11396220)	Class I, zone 0, Ex ia IIC Class I, zone 0, AEx ia IIC	Class I, zone 0, AEx ia IIC Class I, division 1, group A, B, C, D (only FM approval AEx ia)
Non-sparking field terminal (in accordance with drawing 11396220)	Class I, division 2, group A, B, C, D	Class I, division 2, group A, B, C, D Class I, division 2, IIC
Connection values / Intrinsically safe supply and signal circuit (4 ... 20 mA current loop)		
Terminals	+ / -	+ / -
Supply voltage U_B [1]	DC 10.5 ... 30 V	DC 10.5 ... 30 V
Maximum voltage U_i	DC 30 V	DC 30 V
Maximum current I_i	130 mA	130 mA
Maximum power P_i (gas)	800 mW	800 mW
Maximum power P_i (dust)	750/650/550 mW	-
Effective internal capacitance C_i	7.8 nF	7.8 nF
Effective internal inductance L_i	100 µH	100 µH
Sensor circuit connection values		
Terminals	-	1 - 4
Maximum voltage V_{oc}	-	6.5 V
Maximum current I_{sc}	-	9.3 mA
Maximum power P_{max}	-	15.2 mW
Maximum external capacitance C_a	-	24 µF
Maximum external inductance L_a	-	365 µH

Application	Ambient temperature range		Temperature class	Power P_i
	CSA	**FM**		
Class I	-50 [2] / -40 ... +85 °C	-50 [2] / -40 ... +85 °C	T4	800 mW
	-50 [2] / -40 ... +75 °C	-50 [2] / -40 ... +75 °C	T5	800 mW
	-50 [2] / -40 ... +60 °C	-50 [2] / -40 ... +60 °C	T6	800 mW
Class IIIC	-50 [2] / -40 ... +40 °C	-	-	750 mW
	-50 [2] / -40 ... +75 °C	-	-	650 mW
	-50 [2] / -40 ... +100 °C	-	-	550 mW

1) Supply voltage input protected against reverse polarity; Load $R_A \leq (U_B - 10.5\,V) / 0.023\,A$ with R_A in Ω and U_B in V (without HART®)
   On switching on, an increase in the supply voltage of 2 V/s is needed; otherwise the temperature transmitter will remain in a safe condition at 3.5 mA.
2) Special version, not for rail-mounted version T32.3S

EAC approval

Safety-related characteristic values (Ex)

Ex marking	RU C-DE.ГБ08.B.02485, intrinsically safe equipment
	0 Ex ia IIC T4/T5/T6
	1 Ex ib IIC T4/T5/T6
	2 Ex ic IIC T4/T5/T6
	DIP A20 Ta 120 °C
	DIP A21 Ta 120 °C
Connection values / Intrinsically safe supply and signal circuit (4 ... 20 mA current loop)	
Terminals	+ / -
Supply voltage U_B [1]	DC 10.5 ... 30 V
Maximum voltage V_{max}	DC 30 V
Maximum current I_{max}	130 mA
Maximum power P_i	800 mW
Effective internal capacitance C_i	7.8 nF
Effective internal inductance L_i	100 µH
Sensor circuit connection values	
Terminals	1 - 4
Maximum voltage V_{oc}	6.5 V
Maximum current I_{sc}	9.3 mA
Maximum power P_{max}	15.2 mW
Maximum external capacitance C_a	IIC	24 µF
	IIB	570 µF
Maximum external inductance L_a	IIC	365 µH
	IIB	1,644 µH

Application	Ambient temperature range	Temperature class
Class IIC **Class IIB**	-60 [2] / -50 [3] / -40 ... +85 °C	T4
	-60 [2] / -50 [3] / -40 ... +75 °C	T5
	-60 [2] / -50 [3] / -40 ... +60 °C	T6

1) Supply voltage input protected against reverse polarity; Load $R_A \leq (U_B - 10.5 V) / 0.023 A$ with R_A in Ω and U_B in V (without HART®)
   On switching on, an increase in the supply voltage of 2 V/s is needed; otherwise the temperature transmitter will remain in a safe condition at 3.5 mA.
2) Special version on request (only available with specific approvals), not for rail-mounted version T32.3S, not for SIL version
3) Special version, not for rail-mounted version T32.3S

T32.1S.0IC, T32.3S.0IC

ATEX approval, IEC

Safety-related characteristic values (Ex)		
Ex marking	II 3G Ex ic IIC T4/T5/T6 Gc	
Connection values / Intrinsically safe supply and signal circuit (4 ... 20 mA current loop)		
Terminals	+ / -	
Supply voltage U_B [1]	DC 10.5 ... 30 V	
Maximum voltage U_i	DC 30 V	
Maximum current I_i	130 mA	
Maximum power P_i	800 mW	
Effective internal capacitance C_i	7.8 nF	
Effective internal inductance L_i	Negligible	
Sensor circuit connection values		
Terminals	1 - 4	
Maximum voltage U_0	DC 6.5 V	
Maximum current I_0	9.3 mA	
Maximum power P_0	15.2 mW	
Effective internal capacitance C_i	208 nF	
Effective internal inductance L_i	Negligible	
Maximum external capacitance C_0	Gas IIC	≤ 325 μF [3]
	Gas IIA	≤ 1,000 μF [3]
	Gas IIB, dust IIIC	≤ 570 μF [3]
Maximum external inductance L_0	Gas IIC	≤ 821 mH
	Gas IIA	≤ 7,399 mH
	Gas IIB, dust IIIC	≤ 3,699 mH
Maximum inductance/resistance ratio L_0/R_0	Gas IIC	≤ 3.23 mH/Ω
	Gas IIA	≤ 25.8 mH/Ω
	Gas IIB, dust IIIC	≤ 12.9 mH/Ω
Characteristic curve	Linear	

Application	Ambient temperature range	Temperature class	Power P_i
Group II **Gas, category 1 and 2**	-50 [2] / -40 ... +85 °C	T4	800 mW
	-50 [2] / -40 ... +75 °C	T5	800 mW
	-50 [2] / -40 ... +60 °C	T6	800 mW

1) Supply voltage input protected against reverse polarity; Load R_A ≤ (U_B - 10.5 V) / 0.023 A with R_A in Ω and U_B in V (without HART®)
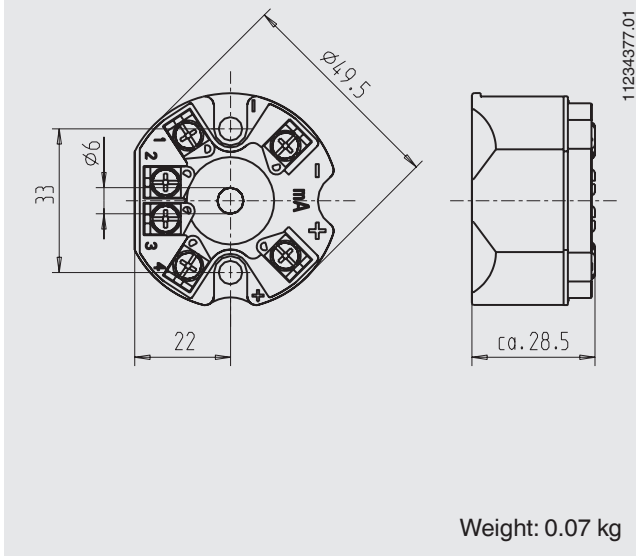   On switching on, an increase in the supply voltage of 2 V/s is needed; otherwise the temperature transmitter will remain in a safe condition at 3.5 mA.
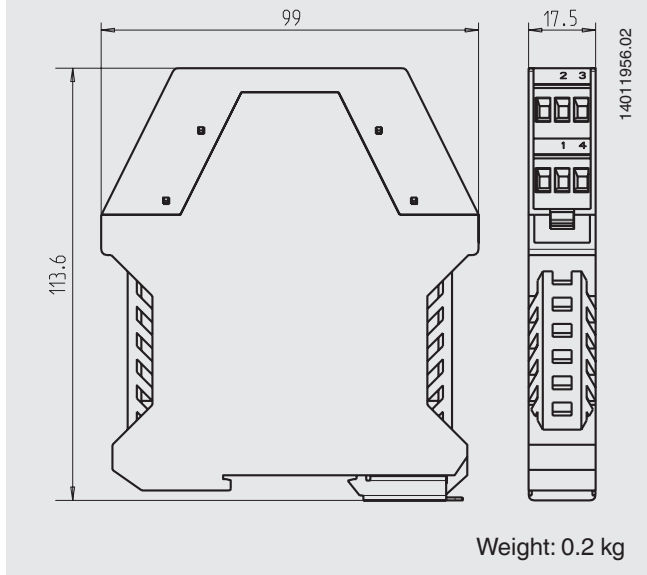2) Special version, not for rail-mounted version T32.3S
3) Ci already considered

Dimensions in mm

Head-mounted version

11234377.01

Weight: 0.07 kg

Rail-mounted version

14011956.02

Weight: 0.2 kg

Communication

HART® protocol rev. 5 [1] including burst mode, multidrop

Interoperability (i.e. compatibility between components from different manufacturers) is a strict requirement of HART® instruments. The T32 transmitter is compatible with almost every open software and hardware tool; including:

1. User-friendly WIKA configuration software, free-of-charge download from www.wika.com
2. HART® communicator FC375, FC475, MFC4150, MFC5150, Trex:
   T32 device description (device object file) is integrated and upgradable with old versions
3. Asset management systems
   3.1 AMS: T32_DD completely integrated and upgradable with old versions
   3.2 Simatic PDM: T32_EDD completely integrated from version 5.1, upgradable with version 5.0.2
   3.3 Smart Vision: DTM upgradable per FDT 1.2 standard from SV version 4
   3.4 PACTware: DTM completely integrated and upgradable as well as all supporting applications with FDT 1.2 interface
   3.5 Field Mate: DTM upgradeable

Attention:

For direct communication via the serial interface of a PC/notebook, a HART® modem is needed (see "Accessories"). As a general rule, parameters which are defined in the scope of the universal HART® commands (e.g. the measuring range) can, in principle, be edited with all HART® configuration tools.
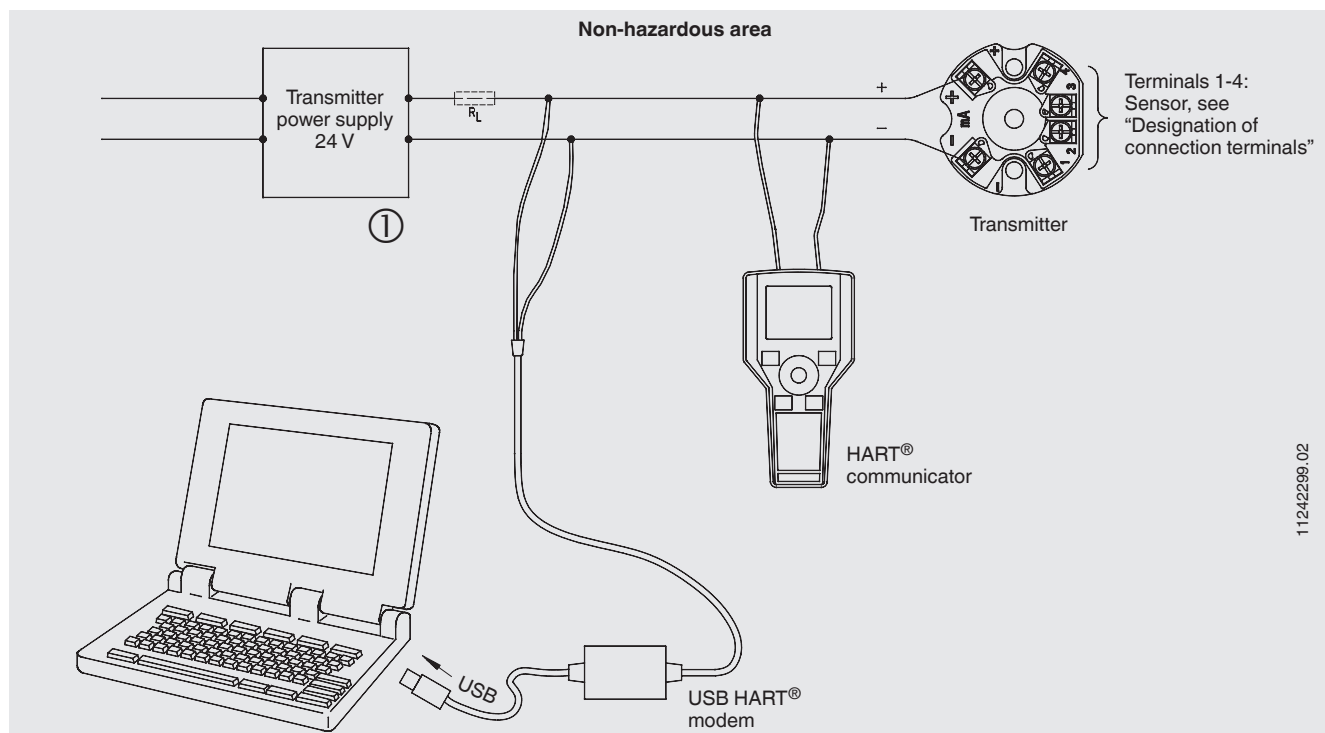
1) Optional: Rev. 7

Configuration

Typical connection in hazardous area
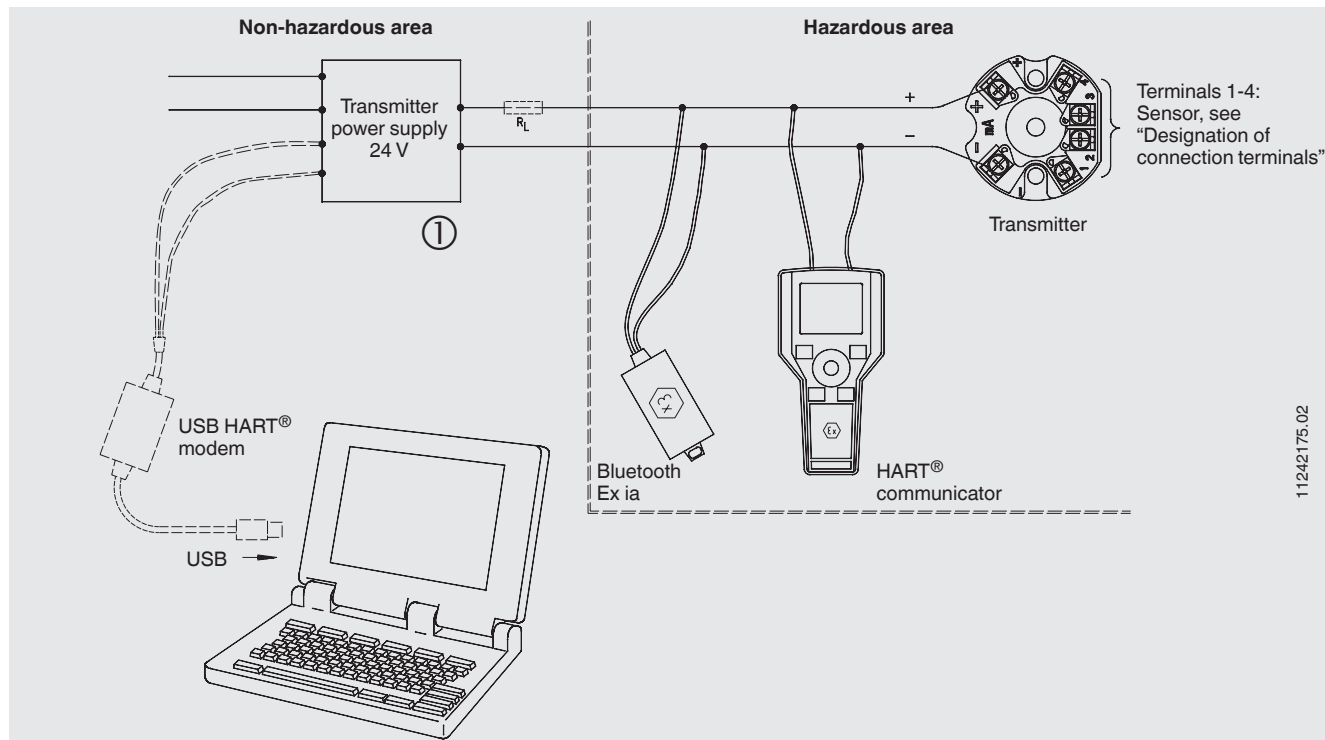
Typical connection in non-hazardous area

① RL = Load resistance for HART® communication
RL min. 250 Ω, max. 1,100 Ω

If RL is < 250 Ω in the respective electric circuit, RL must be increased to at least 250 Ω by connecting external resistors.

In the event of a fault, at very high ambient temperatures, with downscale error signaling and with unfavourable loads, communication may occasionally be impaired.

Accessories

DIH50-F with field case, adapter

Model	Description	Order number
DIH50, DIH52 with field case	DIH50 indication module without separate auxiliary supply voltage, automatically rescales on a change in measuring range and units via supervision of the HART® communication, 5-digit LC display, 20-segment bar graph display, display rotatable in 10° steps, with II 1G Ex ia IIC explosion protection; see data sheet AC 80.10 Material: Aluminium / stainless steel Dimensions: 150 x 127 x 138 mm	On request
Adapter	Suitable for TS 35 per DIN EN 60715 (DIN EN 50022) or TS 32 per DIN EN 50035 Material: Plastic / stainless steel Dimensions: 60 x 20 x 41.6 mm	3593789
Adapter	Suitable for TS 35 per DIN EN 60715 (DIN EN 50022) Material: Steel, tin-plated Dimensions: 49 x 8 x 14 mm	3619851
Magnetic quick connector, model magWIK	Replacement for crocodile clips and HART® terminals Fast, safe and tight electrical connection For all configuration and calibration processes	14026893

HART® modem

Model	Description	Order number
Programming unit, model PU-H		
VIATOR® HART® USB	HART® modem for USB interface	11025166
VIATOR® HART® USB PowerXpress™	HART® modem for USB interface	14133234
VIATOR® HART® RS-232	HART® modem for RS-232 interface	7957522
VIATOR® HART® Bluetooth® Ex	HART® modem for Bluetooth interface, Ex	11364254

Ordering information

Model / Explosion protection / SIL specifications / Configuration / Permissible ambient temperature / Certificates / Options

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